MP 1.3 – DESIGN AND SITING STANDARD FOR DUPLEX HOUSING

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Purpose

To provide good residential des ign that promotes the efficient use of a *lot*, an acceptable amenity to residents, and to facilitate off street parking.

Commencement

This version of MP 1.3 commences on 26 March 2010.

Application

MP 1.3 applies to new *building* work for a *duplex* (Class 1) and associated Class 10 *buildings* and *structures*, including "*community title lots*" having only one *duplex* on a *lot*, where a Local Government has resolved under Schedule 4, Table 2, Item 2(f) of the *Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009* applies.

P10 of this part permits alternative planning provisions for this part and applies where, for new building work for a *duplex*, a planning scheme provides *qualitative statements* for all or some *performance criteria* for matters provided for under this part if the scheme also provides for *quantifiable standards* (e.g. acceptable solutions) for the statements.

MP 1.3 does not apply to:

- a) Development in an urban development area; or
- b) Except for swimming pools, structures less than 1m above natural ground

Note 1 - Development in an *urban development area* must comply with the requirements of the land use plan for the area and guidelines issued by the Urban Land Development Authority

Referral Agency

The Local Government is a concurrenc e agency as per item 19 in schedule 7, table 1 of the *Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009*.

Associated Requirements

Compliance with this standard may not be the only requirement. Local Government planning schemes, local laws, State Acts and other IDAS codes may impose additional or alternative requirements.

Referenced Standards

There are no Australian Standards referenced in this standard.

Definitions

Note 2 - Italicised words within the body of the text are defined.

Acceptable solution has the same meaning as Buil ding solution in the Building Code of Australia – Volume 2.

Area means for enclosed spaces, the area including the outs ide wall; and for unenclosed spaces, the area is measured along a line 600mm in from the perimeter of the roof.

Balcony means any external plat form, attached to and accessed from a *building* and 1 metre or more above adjacent finished ground level.

Building has the same meaning as in the Building Act 1975.

Building height means the v ertical dist ance between the highest point of a *building*, excluding any antennae, chimney or flues, and the natural ground surface vertically below that point.

Carport means a c lass 10a building, other than a garage, providing cov ered vehicular parking.

Note 3 - Also refer to open carport and garage.

Community Title refers to title created by s ubdivision of land by way of a standard format plan of a *community title* scheme given under the provisions of the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 (BCCM Act).

Depth of a lot means either the dimension at right angles to the *road* boundary or the average of the r elevant dimensions at right angles to an irregular road boundary.

Detached dwelling means a single dwelling not a ttached to another dwelling and on an individual lot

Duplex means a *building* containing not more than 2 attached dwellings

Frontage means the *road* alignment of a *lot*.

Garage means an enclosed c lass 10a *building*, pr oviding covered vehicular parking.

Habitable room has the same meaning as in the Building Code of Australia.

Height of a *building* or *structure* at any point for the purpose of determining its setback from a boundary means the vert ical distance between the outermost projection and the natural ground.

Note 4 - Refer also to mean height and building height.

Lot means a separate, distinct parcel of land on which a *building* is to be built, or is built.

Mean height, of a *building* or *structure*, means the vertical *height* worked out by dividing -

(a) the total elevational *area* of the wall of a building or structure facing the boundary; by

(b) the horizontal length of the *building* or *structure* facing the boundary.

Natural ground surface, for a lot, means -

- (a) the ground level of the *lot* on the day the first plan of survey showing the *lot* was registered; or
- (b) if the ground level on the day mentioned in paragraph (a) is not known, the natural ground surface as determined by the building certifier.

Nominated road frontage m eans the *road frontage* nominated by the Local Government for the *area*.

Open Carport means a carport with -

- (a) two sides or more open, and a side is also considered open where the roof covering adjacent to that side is not less than 500mm from another *building* or a side or rear allotment boundary; and
- (b) not less than one-third of its perimeter open.

Outermost projection means the *outermost projection* of any part of a *building* or *structure* including, in the case of a roof, the outside face of the fascia, or the roof *structure* where there is no fascia, or attached sunhoods or the like, but does not include retractable blinds, fixed screen s, rainwater fittings, or ornamental attachments.

Performance requirement also means performance criteria.

Qualitative statement means a statement about a performance or outcome sought to be achieved when applicable buildings or structures are completed.

Quantifiable standard means a standard that ac hieves a performance or outcome sought under a *qualitative statement*.

Rear boundary clearance, refer to side and rear boundary clearance.

Road means –

- (a) an *area* of land dedicated to public use as a *road*; or
- (b) an *area* open to , or used by, the public and developed for, or has, as 1 of its main uses, the driving or riding of motor vehicles; and
- (c) does not include a pedestrian or bicycle path.

Road boundary clearance, for a *building* or *structure* on a *lot* means the shortest distance measured horizontally from the *outermost projection* of the *building* or *structure* to the vertical projection of the boundary of the *lot* adjacent to the *road*.

Setback means

(a) for a *building* or *structure* other than a swimming pool, the shortest distance measured horizontally from the *outermost projection* of the *building* or *structure* to the vertical projection of the boundary of the *lot*.

(b) for a swimming pool, the shortest distance measured horizontally from the water's edge to the vertical projection of a boundary of the *lot*.

Side and rear boundary clearance means:

- (a) for a *building* or *structure* other than a swimming pool, the short est distance measured horizontally from the *outermost projection* of the *building* or *structure* to the vertical projection of the boundary of the *lot*.
- (b) for a swim ming pool, the shortest di stance measure d horizontally from the water's edge to the vertical projection of a boundary of the *lot*.

Slope means the gradient of the natural ground of a *lot* measured across a 20m x 20m *area* over the *building* location, or where the *lot* is less than 20m wide $-20m \times 1000$ x width of *lot*.

Structure has the same meaning as in the Building Act 1975.

Urban development area has the same meaning as that given in the Urban Land Development Authority Act 2007.

Window has the same meaning as in the Building Code of Australia.

Window/Balcony Screen means a translucent, perforated or slatted barrier, including a fence, constructed of durable material and having –

(a) if perforated -

- (i) a maximum 25% openings; and
- (ii) each opening not more than 50mm square; or
- (b) if slatted or louvred -
 - (i) a maximum of 25% opening with clear vis $\,$ ion at 90 $^\circ$ to the plane of the window; and
 - (ii) each opening not more than 50mm clear vision at 90° to the plane of the window.

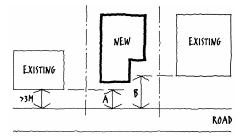
ELEMENT 1- DESIGN AND SITING OF BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

Buildings and Structures

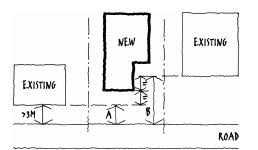
- P1 The location of a *building* or A1 *structure* facilitates an acceptable streetscape, appropriate for
 - (a) the bulk of the *building* or *structure*; and
 - (b) the *road* boundary *setbacks* of neighbouring *buildings* or *structures*; and
 - (c) the outlook and views of neighbouring residents; and
 - (d) nuisance and safety to the public.

Figure 1



WHERE B LESS A IS NOT MORE THAN 2M SETBA(K = ANY DISTANCE BETWEEN A AND B

Figure 2



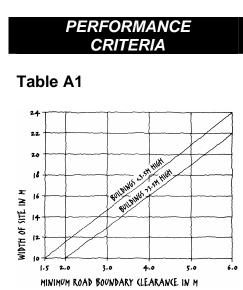
WHERE B LESS A IS 2M OR MORE SETBACK = AVERAGE DISTANCE BETWEEN A AND B (a) For a *duplex, garage* or a *carport* th e minimum *road setback* is –

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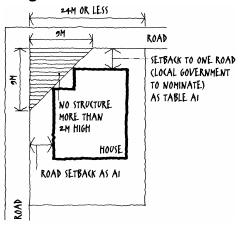
SOLUTIONS

- (i) 6m; or
- (ii) where there are exist ing detached dwellings or a duplex on both adjoining lots and at least one of the detached dwellings or duplex is setback from the road between 3m and 6m, and the difference between their road setbacks is-
 - (A) not more than 2ma distance between the two *buildings* (Figure 1); or

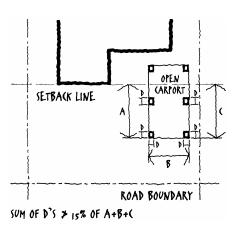
(B) more than 2m- the average of the *road setbacks* of the adjacent *buildings* (**Figure 2**); and











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- (b) For a corner *lot*, the minimum *road setbacks* are-
 - (i) as for A1(a)(i); or
 - (ii) where the *lot* has an average depth of 24 m or less
 - (A) for the *nominated road frontage* – as in **Table A1**; and
 - (B) for the other road frontage - as for A1(a)(i); and
 - (C) no *building* or *structure* over 2m high is built within a 9m by 9m truncation at the corner of the 2 *road frontages* (**Figure 3**).
- (c) For **open** carports, the minimum road setback may be less than required by A(i)(a) if –
 - the aggreg ate perimeter dimension of walls, solid screens, and supports located with in the setback does not exceed 15% of the total perimeter dimension (along the line of supports) of that part of the carport within the same setback (Figure 4); and
 - (ii) there is no alternative on-site lo cation for a garage or carport that –

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- (A) complies with A(i)(a); and
- (B) will allow vehicular access having a minimum width of 2.5m; and
- (C) has a maximum gradient of 1 in 5.
- (d) For *structures* the minimum *road setbacks* are as for A1(a),(b), and (c) except for
 - (i) swimming pools, where the minimum distance from the water to the road frontage is –
 - (A) where the vertical distance to the coping above the finished ground level is n ot more than 1.2m 1.5m; or
 - (B) where a s olid wall or fence at least 1.8m high abov е finished ground level is constructed between the water and the road frontage and the top of the wall or fence is at least 1.0m above the top of the coping of the pool – no requirement; and
 - screens, fences, retaining walls or a combination of screens, fences or retaining walls not more than 2m in *height*; and
 - (iii) roofed gatehouses and

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arches having -

- (A) a maximum *area* of $4m^2$; and
- (B) not more than 2m wide elev ation to street; and
- (C) not more than 3m in *height*.
- A2 (a) The side and rear boundary clearance for a part of the *building* or *structure* is –
 - (i) where the *height* of t hat part is 4.5m or less -1.5m; and
 - (ii) where the *height* of t hat part is greater than 4.5m but not more than 7.5m -2m; and
 - (iii) where the *height* is greater that 7.5m - 2m plus 0.5m for every 3m or part exceeding 7.5m.
 - (b) For a rec tangular or near rectangular **narrow** *lot* with a 15m or less *frontage*, the minimum side and rear *setbacks* for that part are –
 - (i) where the *height* is not more than 7.5m – in accordance with **Table A2**; and
 - (ii) where the *height* is more than 7.5m 2m plus
 0.5m for every 3m or part of 3m by which the *height* exceeds 7.5m.
 - (c) **Structures** may be exempted from A2 (a) and (b) where
 - (i) the *structure* is not a deck, patio, pergola, verandah, gazebo or the like other than o ne

- P2 Buildings and structures
 - (a) provide adequate day light and ventilation to *habitable* rooms; and
 - (b) allow adequate light and ventilation to *habitable* rooms of *buildings* on adjoining *lots*.
 - (c) do not adversely impact on the amenity and privacy of residents on adjoining *lots*.

Table A2

Road Frontage	Side and Rear	
	Boundary Clearances	
	Hei	ght
in metres	in metres	
	4.5 or less	4.5 to 7.5
14.501 – 15.000	1.425	1.900
14.001 – 14.500	1.350	1.800
13.501 – 14.000	1.275	1.700
13.001 – 13.500	1.200	1.600
12.501 – 13.000	1.125	1.500
12.001 – 12.500	1.050	1.400
11.501 – 12.000	0.975	1.300
11.001 – 11.500	0.900	1.200
10.501 – 11.000	0.825	1.100
10.500 or less	0.750	1.000

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permitted under A2 (c) (v)

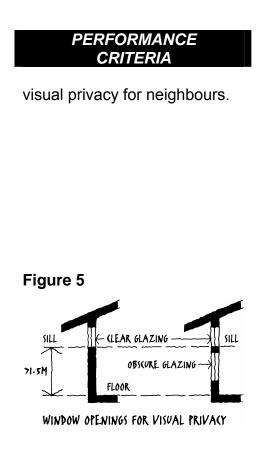
- (ii) the *structure* is n ot used for entertainment, recreational purposes or the like
- (iii) a screen, fence or retaining wall o r a combination of screens, fences or r etaining walls is not more than 2m in *height* or
- (iv) a rainwater tan k, including any supporting structure such as a stand, is not more than 2.4m high.
- (v) subject to A2 (c) (ii), it is a pergola or ot her structure which is-
 - (A) not enclosed by walls or roofed; and
 - (B) not more than 2.4m in *height* at the boundary; and
 - (C) primarily ornamental or for horticultural purposes.
- (d) Subject to A2(c), class 10a buildings or parts may be within the boundary clearances nominat ed in A2(a) and (b) where
 - (i) the *height* of a part within the boundary clearance is not more than 4.5m and has a *mean height* of not more than 3.5m; and
 - (ii) the total length of all *buildings* or parts, of any class, within the

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boundary clearanc e is not more than 9m alo ng any one boundary; and

- (iii) the class 10a *buildings* or parts within the boundary clearance are located no closer th an 1.5m to a required *window* in a *habitable* room of an adjoining dwelling.
- (e) **Swimming pools** may be within the boundary clearances nominat ed in A2(a) and (b) where -
 - (ii) a solid wall or fen ce, constructed to prevent water entry onto adjoining lots, at least 1.8m high above finished ground lev el, is erected between t he swimm ing pool and the boundary of the lot; and
 - the top of the wall or fence is at least 1.0m above the top of the coping of the pool.
- A3 The maximum *area* covered by all *buildings* and *structures* roofed with imper vious mat erials, doe s not exceed 50% of the *lot area*.
 - For lot slopes -
 - (a) up to 15%, the **building height** is not more than 8.5m; and
 - (b) of 15% or more, the *building height* is not more than 10m.
- A5 Where the distance separating a window or balcony of a duplex

- P3 Adequate open space is provided for recreation, service facilities and landscaping.
- P4 The *height* of a *building* is not A4 to unduly
 - (a) overshadow adjoining houses; and
 - (b) obstruct the outlook f rom adjoining *lots*.
- P5 Buildings are sited and designed to provide adequat e



P6 The location of a *building* or **A6** *structure* facilitate s normal *building* maintenance.

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from the side or $\,$ rear boundary is less than 1.5 m -

- (a) a permanent window and a balcony has a window/balcony screen extending across the line of sight from the sill to at least 1.5m above the adjacent floor level; or
- (b) a *window* has a sill *height* more than 1.5m above the adjacent floor level, or
- (c) a *window* has obscure glazing below 1.5m (**Figure 5**).

- A wall is –
- (a) set back a minimum of 750mm from the side or rear boundary; or
- (b) where les s than 750mm to the boundary, maintenance free, such as unpainted or untreated masonry or prefinished steel sheeting.
- **P7** The siz e and location of *structures* on corner sites provide f or adequate sight lines.

A7 Fences, screens, and retaining walls and other structures are not more than 1m high within a truncation made by 3 equal chords of a 6m radius curve at the corner of the 2 road frontages (Figure 6).

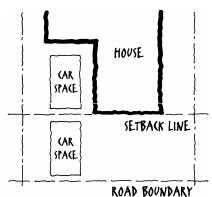
PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS
Figure 6	
6M RADIUS 3 EQUAL (HORDS NO STRUCTURE MORE THAN IM HIGH	

ELEMENT 2- SPACE FOR ON-SITE CAR PARKING and OUTDOOR LIVING SPACE

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

- **P8** Sufficient space for on-site carparking to satisfy the projected needs of residents and visitors, appropriate for
 - (a) the availability of public transport; and
 - (b) the availability of on-street parking; and
 - (c) the desir ability of onstreet parking in res pect to the streetscape; and
 - (d) the residents likelihood to have or need a vehicle.

Figure 7



P9 In a *duplex*, each dwelling has its own individual outdoor living space available which -

- (a) has suitable size and slope is to allow residents to ex tend their living activities outdoors; and
- (b) is available for the sole use of the resident s of individual dwellings; and
- (c) is adequately separated

ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS

- A8 For each dwelling in a *duplex,* space is provided for parking two vehicles on the *lot* and the space has –
 - (a) minimum dimensions as follows:
 - (i) for a **single uncovered** parking space- 4.9m by 2.6m wide; and
 - (ii) for a **single covered** parking s pace- 5m by 3m wide; and
 - (iii) for a **double covered** parking space 5 by 5. 5m wide; and
 - (iv) for a **single** garage-6m by 3m wide internally; and
 - (v) for a **double** garage-6m by 5.7m wide internally.
 - (b) Car parking spaces may be in tandem, provided one space is behind the road setback required under Element 1(Figure 7).
- A9 Each dwelling in a *duplex* has a clearly defined outdoor living space which
 - (a) has an area of at lea st 16m²; and
 - (b) has no dimension less than 4m; and
 - (c) has access from a living *area* and
 - (d) has a *slope* of not more than

from each other to provide visual privacy

ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS

1 in 10; and

(e) provides visual privac y from another outdoor living space by *a window/balcony screen*

ELEMENT 3 – DUPLEX REQUIREMENTS IN PLANNING SCHEMES

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

P10 A *duplex* complies with the relevant *qualitative statements* of a planning scheme

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A10 A *duplex* complies with the relevant *quantifiable standards* of a planning scheme